

Movement Disorders

Gene panel

Gene panel information

| Gene panel | Movement Disorders |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|
| Version | 4 |
| Total genes | 345 |
| Activation date | Friday 21 march 2025 |
| Publisher | Center for Medical Genetics, Ghent |

Genes

| Gene | % at least 20 x covered* | OMIM gene id | OMIM Phenotypes |
|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------|--|
| AARS1 | 99.99 % | 601065 | Developmental and epileptic encephalopathy 29, 616339 (3), Autosomal recessive; Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease, axonal, type 2N, 613287 (3), Autosomal dominant; ?Leukoencephalopathy, hereditary diffuse, with spheroids 2, 619661 (3), Autosomal dominant; Trichothiodystrophy 8, nonphotosensitive, 619691 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| ABCB7 | 99.58 % | 300135 | Anemia, sideroblastic, with ataxia, 301310 (3), X-linked |
| ACBD6 | 98.86 % | 616352 | Neurodevelopmental disorder with progressive movement abnormalities, 620785 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| ACER3 | 99.76 % | 617036 | ?Leukodystrophy, progressive, early childhood-onset, 617762 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| ACOX1 | 99.98 % | 609751 | Mitchell syndrome, 618960 (3), Autosomal dominant; Peroxisomal acyl-CoA oxidase deficiency, 264470 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| ACSF3 | 99.99 % | 614245 | Combined malonic and methylmalonic aciduria, 614265 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| ACTB | 100 % | 102630 | Baraitser-Winter syndrome 1, 243310 (3), Autosomal dominant; Becker nevus, syndromic or isolated, somatic mosaic, 604919 (3); Thrombocytopenia 8, with dysmorphic features and developmental delay, 620475 (3), Autosomal dominant; Dystonia-deafness syndrome 1, 607371 (3), Autosomal dominant; Congenital smooth muscle hamartoma with or without hemihypertrophy, somatic mosaic, 620479 (3) |
| ACTL6B | 99.9 % | 612458 | Developmental and epileptic encephalopathy 76, 618468 (3), Autosomal recessive; Intellectual developmental disorder with severe speech and ambulation defects, 618470 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| ADAR | 99.84 % | 146920 | Dyschromatosis symmetrica hereditaria, 127400 (3), Autosomal dominant; Aicardi-Goutieres syndrome 6, 615010 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| ADCY5 | 99.98 % | 600293 | Dyskinesia with orofacial involvement, autosomal dominant, 606703 (3), Autosomal dominant; Neurodevelopmental disorder with hyperkinetic movements and dyskinesia, 619651 (3), Autosomal recessive; Dyskinesia with orofacial involvement, autosomal recessive, 619647 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| AFG3L2 | 99.97 % | 604581 | Spastic ataxia 5, autosomal recessive, 614487 (3), Autosomal recessive; Optic atrophy 12, 618977 (3), Autosomal dominant; Spinocerebellar ataxia 28, 610246 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| ALDH18A1 | 99.96 % | 138250 | Spastic paraparesis 9A, autosomal dominant, 601162 (3), Autosomal dominant; Cutis laxa, autosomal recessive, type IIIA, 219150 (3), Autosomal recessive; Spastic paraparesis 9B, autosomal recessive, 616586 (3), Autosomal recessive; Cutis laxa, autosomal dominant 3, 616603 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| ALDH5A1 | 96.19 % | 610045 | Succinic semialdehyde dehydrogenase deficiency, 271980 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| ANO3 | 99.98 % | 610110 | Dystonia 24, 615034 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| AOPEP | 99.99 % | 619600 | Dystonia 31, 619565 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| AP1S2 | 99.56 % | 300629 | Pettigrew syndrome, 304340 (3), X-linked recessive |

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| Gene | % at least 20 x covered* | OMIM gene id | OMIM Phenotypes |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| AP3D1 | 100 % | 607246 | ?Hermansky-Pudlak syndrome 10, 617050 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| AP4M1 | 99.98 % | 602296 | Spastic paraplegia 50, autosomal recessive, 612936 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| APTX | 99.92 % | 606350 | Ataxia, early-onset, with oculomotor apraxia and hypoalbuminemia, 208920 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| ARFGEF3 | 99.93 % | 617411 | No OMIM phenotypes |
| ARSA | 99.99 % | 607574 | Metachromatic leukodystrophy, 250100 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| ARV1 | 99.85 % | 611647 | Developmental and epileptic encephalopathy 38, 617020 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| ARX | 95.36 % | 300382 | Proud syndrome, 300004 (3), X-linked; Hydranencephaly with abnormal genitalia, 300215 (3), X-linked; Partington syndrome, 309510 (3), X-linked recessive; Developmental and epileptic encephalopathy 1, 308350 (3), X-linked recessive; Lissencephaly, X-linked 2, 300215 (3), X-linked; Intellectual developmental disorder, X-linked 29, 300419 (3), X-linked recessive |
| ASL | 99.98 % | 608310 | Argininosuccinic aciduria, 207900 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| ATCAY | 100 % | 608179 | Ataxia, cerebellar, Cayman type, 601238 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| ATM | 99.83 % | 607585 | Lymphoma, B-cell non-Hodgkin, somatic (3); Ataxia-telangiectasia, 208900 (3), Autosomal recessive; {Breast cancer, susceptibility to}, 114480 (3), Somatic mutation, Autosomal dominant; T-cell prolymphocytic leukemia, somatic (3); Lymphoma, mantle cell, somatic (3) |
| ATP13A2 | 99.96 % | 610513 | Spastic paraplegia 78, autosomal recessive, 617225 (3), Autosomal recessive; Kufor-Rakeb syndrome, 606693 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| ATP1A2 | 99.85 % | 182340 | Developmental and epileptic encephalopathy 98, 619605 (3), Autosomal dominant; Fetal akinesia, respiratory insufficiency, microcephaly, polymicrogyria, and dysmorphic facies, 619602 (3), Autosomal recessive; Alternating hemiplegia of childhood 1, 104290 (3), Autosomal dominant; Migraine, familial basilar, 602481 (3), Autosomal dominant; Migraine, familial hemiplegic, 2, 602481 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| ATP1A3 | 99.98 % | 182350 | Alternating hemiplegia of childhood 2, 614820 (3), Autosomal dominant; Dystonia-12, 128235 (3), Autosomal dominant; CAPOS syndrome, 601338 (3), Autosomal dominant; Developmental and epileptic encephalopathy 99, 619606 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| ATP5MC3 | 99.97 % | 602736 | Dystonia, early-onset, and/or spastic paraparesis, 619681 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| ATP6AP2 | 99.55 % | 300556 | Intellectual developmental disorder, X-linked syndromic, Hedera type, 300423 (3), X-linked recessive; ?Parkinsonism with spasticity, X-linked, 300911 (3), X-linked recessive; Congenital disorder of glycosylation, type IIr, 301045 (3), X-linked recessive |
| ATP7B | 100 % | 606882 | Wilson disease, 277900 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| ATP8A2 | 100 % | 605870 | Cerebellar ataxia, impaired intellectual development, and dysequilibrium syndrome 4, 615268 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| AUH | 99.95 % | 600529 | 3-methylglutaconic aciduria, type I, 250950 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| BCAP31 | 99.95 % | 300398 | Deafness, dystonia, and cerebral hypomyelination, 300475 (3), X-linked recessive |
| BCS1L | 99.99 % | 603647 | GRACILE syndrome, 603358 (3), Autosomal recessive; Mitochondrial complex III deficiency, nuclear type 1, 124000 (3), Autosomal recessive; Bjornstad syndrome, 262000 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| C12orf57 | 100 % | 615140 | Temptamy syndrome, 218340 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| C19orf12 | 99.99 % | 614297 | Neurodegeneration with brain iron accumulation 4, 614298 (3), Autosomal dominant, Autosomal recessive; ?Spastic paraparesis 43, autosomal recessive, 615043 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| CA8 | 99.71 % | 114815 | Spinocerebellar ataxia, autosomal recessive 34, 613227 (3), Autosomal recessive |

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| Gene | % at least 20 x covered* | OMIM gene id | OMIM Phenotypes |
|----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| CACNA1A | 98.16 % | 601011 | Spinocerebellar ataxia 6, 183086 (3), Autosomal dominant; Episodic ataxia, type 2, 108500 (3), Autosomal dominant; Developmental and epileptic encephalopathy 42, 617106 (3), Autosomal dominant; Migraine, familial hemiplegic, 1, with progressive cerebellar ataxia, 141500 (3), Autosomal dominant; Migraine, familial hemiplegic, 1, 141500 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| CACNA1B | 100 % | 601012 | Neurodevelopmental disorder with seizures and nonepileptic hyperkinetic movements, 618497 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| CACNA1E | 99.82 % | 601013 | Developmental and epileptic encephalopathy 69, 618285 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| CACNA1G | 99.95 % | 604065 | Spinocerebellar ataxia 42, 616795 (3), Autosomal dominant; Spinocerebellar ataxia 42, early-onset, severe, with neurodevelopmental deficits, 618087 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| CAMK4 | 99.78 % | 114080 | No OMIM phenotypes |
| CARS2 | 99.99 % | 612800 | Combined oxidative phosphorylation deficiency 27, 616672 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| CHCHD2 | 99.89 % | 616244 | Parkinson disease 22, autosomal dominant, 616710 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| CHMP2B | 99.8 % | 609512 | Frontotemporal dementia and/or amyotrophic lateral sclerosis 7, 600795 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| CHRNA4 | 100 % | 118504 | {Nicotine addiction, susceptibility to}, 188890 (3); Epilepsy, nocturnal frontal lobe, 1, 600513 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| CHRNBT2 | 99.99 % | 118507 | Epilepsy, nocturnal frontal lobe, 3, 605375 (3) |
| CIZ1 | 99.94 % | 611420 | No OMIM phenotypes |
| CLN3 | 99.92 % | 607042 | Ceroid lipofuscinosis, neuronal, 3, 204200 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| CLN5 | 100 % | 608102 | Ceroid lipofuscinosis, neuronal, 5, 256731 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| CLN8 | 100 % | 607837 | Ceroid lipofuscinosis, neuronal, 8, Northern epilepsy variant, 610003 (3), Autosomal recessive; Ceroid lipofuscinosis, neuronal, 8, 600143 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| CLPB | 99.97 % | 616254 | Neutropenia, severe congenital, 9, autosomal dominant, 619813 (3), Autosomal dominant; 3-methylglutaconic aciduria, type VIIIB, autosomal recessive, 616271 (3), Autosomal recessive; 3-methylglutaconic aciduria, type VIIA, autosomal dominant, 619835 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| CNTNAP1 | 99.98 % | 602346 | Lethal congenital contracture syndrome 7, 616286 (3), Autosomal recessive; Hypomyelinating neuropathy, congenital, 3, 618186 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| COASY | 99.98 % | 609855 | Pontocerebellar hypoplasia, type 12, 618266 (3), Autosomal recessive; Neurodegeneration with brain iron accumulation 6, 615643 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| COL6A3 | 99.99 % | 120250 | Bethlem myopathy 1C, 620726 (3), Autosomal dominant, Autosomal recessive; Ullrich congenital muscular dystrophy 1C, 620728 (3), Autosomal dominant, Autosomal recessive; Dystonia 27, 616411 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| COQ8A | 100 % | 606980 | Coenzyme Q10 deficiency, primary, 4, 612016 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| COQ9 | 99.62 % | 612837 | Coenzyme Q10 deficiency, primary, 5, 614654 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| COX10 | 99.99 % | 602125 | Mitochondrial complex IV deficiency, nuclear type 3, 619046 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| COX15 | 100 % | 603646 | Mitochondrial complex IV deficiency, nuclear type 6, 615119 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| COX20 | 99.67 % | 614698 | Mitochondrial complex IV deficiency, nuclear type 11, 619054 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| CP | 99.95 % | 117700 | Aceruloplasminemia, 604290 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| CRAT | 99.99 % | 600184 | ?Neurodegeneration with brain iron accumulation 8, 617917 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| CSF1R | 99.92 % | 164770 | Brain abnormalities, neurodegeneration, and dysosteosclerosis, 618476 (3), Autosomal recessive; Leukoencephalopathy, diffuse hereditary, with spheroids 1, 221820 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| CTC1 | 100 % | 613129 | Cerebroretinal microangiopathy with calcifications and cysts, 612199 (3), Autosomal recessive |

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|----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| CTSD | 100 % | 116840 | Ceroid lipofuscinosis, neuronal, 10, 610127 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| CWF19L1 | 99.91 % | 616120 | Spinocerebellar ataxia, autosomal recessive 17, 616127 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| CYP27A1 | 100 % | 606530 | Cerebrotendinous xanthomatosis, 213700 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| DCAF17 | 99.84 % | 612515 | Woodhouse-Sakati syndrome, 241080 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| DCC | 99.96 % | 120470 | Mirror movements 1 and/or agenesis of the corpus callosum, 157600 (3), Autosomal dominant; Esophageal carcinoma, somatic, 133239 (3); Colorectal cancer, somatic, 114500 (3); Gaze palsy, familial horizontal, with progressive scoliosis, 2, 617542 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| DCTN1 | 99.98 % | 601143 | Perry syndrome, 168605 (3), Autosomal dominant; {Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, susceptibility to}, 105400 (3), Autosomal dominant, Autosomal recessive; Neuronopathy, distal hereditary motor, autosomal dominant 14, 607641 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| DDC | 99.67 % | 107930 | Aromatic L-amino acid decarboxylase deficiency, 608643 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| DEGS1 | 99.99 % | 615843 | Leukodystrophy, hypomyelinating, 18, 618404 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| DHDDS | 98.65 % | 608172 | Developmental delay and seizures with or without movement abnormalities, 617836 (3), Autosomal dominant; ?Congenital disorder of glycosylation, type 1bb, 613861 (3), Autosomal recessive; Retinitis pigmentosa 59, 613861 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| DHX30 | 99.96 % | 616423 | Neurodevelopmental disorder with variable motor and speech impairment, 617804 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| DLAT | 99.65 % | 608770 | Pyruvate dehydrogenase E2 deficiency, 245348 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| DLD | 99.89 % | 238331 | Dihydrolipoamide dehydrogenase deficiency, 246900 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| DMXL2 | 99.86 % | 612186 | Developmental and epileptic encephalopathy 81, 618663 (3), Autosomal recessive; ?Deafness, autosomal dominant 71, 617605 (3), Autosomal dominant; ?Polyendocrine-polyneuropathy syndrome, 616113 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| DNAJC12 | 99.72 % | 606060 | Hyperphenylalaninemia, mild, non-BH4-deficient, 617384 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| DNAJC5 | 99.99 % | 611203 | Ceroid lipofuscinosis, neuronal, 4 (Kufs type), autosomal dominant, 162350 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| DNAJC6 | 99.48 % | 608375 | Parkinson disease 19a, juvenile-onset, 615528 (3), Autosomal recessive; Parkinson disease 19b, early-onset, 615528 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| DNAL4 | 99.89 % | 610565 | ?Mirror movements 3, 616059 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| DRD2 | 100 % | 126450 | No OMIM phenotypes |
| EARS2 | 99.96 % | 612799 | Combined oxidative phosphorylation deficiency 12, 614924 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| ECHS1 | 100 % | 602292 | Mitochondrial short-chain enoyl-CoA hydratase 1 deficiency, 616277 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| EEF1A2 | 100 % | 602959 | Developmental and epileptic encephalopathy 33, 616409 (3), Autosomal dominant; Intellectual developmental disorder, autosomal dominant 38, 616393 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| EIF2AK2 | 99.7 % | 176871 | Leukoencephalopathy, developmental delay, and episodic neurologic regression syndrome, 618877 (3), Autosomal dominant; Dystonia 33, 619687 (3), Autosomal dominant, Autosomal recessive |
| EIF4G1 | 100 % | 600495 | {Parkinson disease 18}, 614251 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| EPRS1 | 99.53 % | 138295 | Leukodystrophy, hypomyelinating, 15, 617951 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| ETHE1 | 84.97 % | 608451 | Ethylmalonic encephalopathy, 602473 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| FA2H | 99.98 % | 611026 | Spastic paraparesis 35, autosomal recessive, 612319 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| FASTKD2 | 99.93 % | 612322 | Combined oxidative phosphorylation deficiency 44, 618855 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| FBXO7 | 99.98 % | 605648 | Parkinson disease 15, autosomal recessive, 260300 (3), Autosomal recessive |

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| Gene | % at least 20 x covered* | OMIM gene id | OMIM Phenotypes |
|----------------|--------------------------|--------------|---|
| FGF14 | 99.99 % | 601515 | Spinocerebellar ataxia 27A, 193003 (3), Autosomal dominant; Spinocerebellar ataxia 27B, late-onset, 620174 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| FITM2 | 99.99 % | 612029 | Siddiqi syndrome, 618635 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| FOXG1 | 99.91 % | 164874 | Rett syndrome, congenital variant, 613454 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| FOXRED1 | 100 % | 613622 | Mitochondrial complex I deficiency, nuclear type 19, 618241 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| FTL | 99.99 % | 134790 | Hyperferritinemia-cataract syndrome, 600886 (3), Autosomal dominant; L-ferritin deficiency, dominant and recessive, 615604 (3), Autosomal dominant, Autosomal recessive; Neurodegeneration with brain iron accumulation 3, 606159 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| FUCA1 | 98.72 % | 612280 | Fucosidosis, 230000 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| FUS | 99.93 % | 137070 | Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis 6, with or without frontotemporal dementia, 608030 (3); Essential tremor, hereditary, 4, 614782 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| GABRB2 | 99.92 % | 600232 | Developmental and epileptic encephalopathy 92, 617829 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| GAMT | 100 % | 601240 | Cerebral creatine deficiency syndrome 2, 612736 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| GBA | 96.92 % | 606463 | {Lewy body dementia, susceptibility to}, 127750 (3), Autosomal dominant; Gaucher disease, type II, 230900 (3), Autosomal recessive; Gaucher disease, type IIIC, 231005 (3), Autosomal recessive; Gaucher disease, type III, 231000 (3), Autosomal recessive; Gaucher disease, type I, 230800 (3), Autosomal recessive; Gaucher disease, perinatal lethal, 608013 (3), Autosomal recessive; {Parkinson disease, late-onset, susceptibility to}, 168600 (3), Autosomal dominant, Multifactorial |
| GBE1 | 99.73 % | 607839 | Glycogen storage disease IV, 232500 (3), Autosomal recessive; Polyglucosan body disease, adult form, 263570 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| GCDH | 100 % | 608801 | Glutaricaciduria, type I, 231670 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| GCH1 | 99.94 % | 600225 | Dystonia, DOPA-responsive, 128230 (3), Autosomal dominant, Autosomal recessive; Hyperphenylalaninemia, BH4-deficient, B, 233910 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| GFAP | 99.99 % | 137780 | Alexander disease, 203450 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| GFM2 | 99.87 % | 606544 | Combined oxidative phosphorylation deficiency 39, 618397 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| GJC2 | 100 % | 608803 | Lymphatic malformation 3, 613480 (3), Autosomal dominant; ?Spastic paraplegia 44, autosomal recessive, 613206 (3), Autosomal recessive; Leukodystrophy, hypomyelinating, 2, 608804 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| GLB1 | 100 % | 611458 | GM1-gangliosidosis, type I, 230500 (3), Autosomal recessive; GM1-gangliosidosis, type III, 230650 (3), Autosomal recessive; Mucopolysaccharidosis type IVB (Morquio), 253010 (3), Autosomal recessive; GM1-gangliosidosis, type II, 230600 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| GLRA1 | 100 % | 138491 | Hyperekplexia 1, 149400 (3), Autosomal dominant, Autosomal recessive |
| GLRB | 99.79 % | 138492 | Hyperekplexia 2, 614619 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| GLUD2 | 100 % | 300144 | No OMIM phenotypes |
| GM2A | 100 % | 613109 | GM2-gangliosidosis, AB variant, 272750 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| GNAL | 100 % | 139312 | Dystonia 25, 615073 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| GNAO1 | 99.86 % | 139311 | Developmental and epileptic encephalopathy 17, 615473 (3), Autosomal dominant; Neurodevelopmental disorder with involuntary movements, 617493 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| GNB1 | 100 % | 139380 | Myelodysplastic syndrome, somatic, 614286 (3); Leukemia, acute lymphoblastic, somatic, 613065 (3); Intellectual developmental disorder, autosomal dominant 42, 616973 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| GPR88 | 100 % | 607468 | ?Chorea, childhood-onset, with psychomotor retardation, 616939 (3), Autosomal recessive |

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|-----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| GRIN1 | 100 % | 138249 | Neurodevelopmental disorder with or without hyperkinetic movements and seizures, autosomal recessive, 617820 (3), Autosomal recessive; Developmental and epileptic encephalopathy 101, 619814 (3), Autosomal recessive; Neurodevelopmental disorder with or without hyperkinetic movements and seizures, autosomal dominant, 614254 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| GRIN2B | 99.99 % | 138252 | Developmental and epileptic encephalopathy 27, 616139 (3), Autosomal dominant; Intellectual developmental disorder, autosomal dominant 6, with or without seizures, 613970 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| GRN | 100 % | 138945 | Frontotemporal dementia 2, 607485 (3), Autosomal dominant, Autosomal recessive; Aphasia, primary progressive, 607485 (3), Autosomal dominant, Autosomal recessive; Ceroid lipofuscinosis, neuronal, 11, 614706 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| GSX2 | 100 % | 616253 | Diencephalic-mesencephalic junction dysplasia syndrome 2, 618646 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| GTPBP2 | 99.98 % | 607434 | Jaber-Elahi syndrome, 617988 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| HCFC1 | 99.99 % | 300019 | Methylmalonic aciduria and homocysteinemia, cbIX type, 309541 (3), X-linked recessive |
| HEXA | 99.99 % | 606869 | [Hex A pseudodeficiency], 272800 (3), Autosomal recessive; GM2-gangliosidosis, several forms, 272800 (3), Autosomal recessive; Tay-Sachs disease, 272800 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| HEXB | 99.91 % | 606873 | Sandhoff disease, infantile, juvenile, and adult forms, 268800 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| HIBCH | 99.7 % | 610690 | 3-hydroxyisobutryl-CoA hydrolase deficiency, 250620 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| HNRNPH1 | 99.98 % | 601035 | Neurodevelopmental disorder with craniofacial dysmorphism and skeletal defects, 620083 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| HPCA | 99.98 % | 142622 | Dystonia 2, torsion, autosomal recessive, 224500 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| HPRT1 | 97.8 % | 308000 | Hyperuricemia, HRPT-related, 300323 (3), X-linked recessive; Lesch-Nyhan syndrome, 300322 (3), X-linked recessive |
| HSD17B10 | 99.98 % | 300256 | HSD10 mitochondrial disease, 300438 (3), X-linked dominant |
| HSPD1 | 83.42 % | 118190 | Spastic paraparesis 13, autosomal dominant, 605280 (3), Autosomal dominant; Leukodystrophy, hypomyelinating, 4, 612233 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| HTRA2 | 99.99 % | 606441 | {Parkinson disease 13}, 610297 (3); 3-methylglutaconic aciduria, type VIII, 617248 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| HTT | 99.98 % | 613004 | Lopes-Maciel-Rodan syndrome, 617435 (3), Autosomal recessive; Huntington disease, 143100 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| IFIH1 | 99.84 % | 606951 | Immunodeficiency 95, 619773 (3), Autosomal recessive; Aicardi-Goutieres syndrome 7, 615846 (3), Autosomal dominant; Singleton-Merten syndrome 1, 182250 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| IREB2 | 99.9 % | 147582 | Neurodegeneration, early-onset, with choreoathetoid movements and microcytic anemia, 618451 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| IRF2BPL | 99.21 % | 611720 | Neurodevelopmental disorder with regression, abnormal movements, loss of speech, and seizures, 618088 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| JAM2 | 91.82 % | 606870 | Basal ganglia calcification, idiopathic, 8, autosomal recessive, 618824 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| KCNA1 | 100 % | 176260 | Episodic ataxia/myokymia syndrome, 160120 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| KCNA4 | 100 % | 176266 | Microcephaly, cataracts, impaired intellectual development, and dystonia with abnormal striatum, 618284 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| KCNND3 | 99.98 % | 605411 | Spinocerebellar atrophy 19, 607346 (3), Autosomal dominant; Brugada syndrome 9, 616399 (3), Autosomal dominant |

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| Gene | % at least 20 x covered* | OMIM gene id | OMIM Phenotypes |
|---------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| KCNMA1 | 99.89 % | 600150 | {Epilepsy, idiopathic generalized, susceptibility to, 16}, 618596 (3), Autosomal dominant; Paroxysmal nonkinesigenic dyskinesia, 3, with or without generalized epilepsy, 609446 (3), Autosomal dominant; Cerebellar atrophy, developmental delay, and seizures, 617643 (3), Autosomal recessive; Liang-Wang syndrome, 618729 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| KCNN2 | 91.25 % | 605879 | ?Dystonia 34, myoclonic, 619724 (3), Autosomal dominant; Neurodevelopmental disorder with or without variable movement or behavioral abnormalities, 619725 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| KCNQ2 | 100 % | 602235 | Developmental and epileptic encephalopathy 7, 613720 (3), Autosomal dominant; Seizures, benign neonatal, 1, 121200 (3), Autosomal dominant; Myokymia, 121200 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| KCTD17 | 100 % | 616386 | Dystonia 26, myoclonic, 616398 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| KIF1C | 99.99 % | 603060 | Spastic ataxia 2, autosomal recessive, 611302 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| KMT2B | 99.99 % | 606834 | Intellectual developmental disorder, autosomal dominant 68, 619934 (3), Autosomal dominant; Dystonia 28, childhood-onset, 617284 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| L2HGDH | 99.92 % | 609584 | L-2-hydroxyglutaric aciduria, 236792 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| LIPT1 | 99.89 % | 610284 | Lipoyltransferase 1 deficiency, 616299 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| LIPT2 | 99.99 % | 617659 | Encephalopathy, neonatal severe, with lactic acidosis and brain abnormalities, 617668 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| LRP10 | 99.99 % | 609921 | No OMIM phenotypes |
| LRPPRC | 99.8 % | 607544 | Mitochondrial complex IV deficiency, nuclear type 5, (French-Canadian), 220111 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| LRRK2 | 99.44 % | 609007 | {Parkinson disease 8}, 607060 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| LYST | 99.87 % | 606897 | Chediak-Higashi syndrome, 214500 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| MAPT | 99.8 % | 157140 | Supranuclear palsy, progressive, 601104 (3), Autosomal dominant; Frontotemporal dementia 1, with or without parkinsonism, 600274 (3), Autosomal dominant; Supranuclear palsy, progressive atypical, 260540 (3), Autosomal recessive; {Parkinson disease, susceptibility to}, 168600 (3), Autosomal dominant, Multifactorial; Pick disease, 172700 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| MARS2 | 100 % | 609728 | ?Combined oxidative phosphorylation deficiency 25, 616430 (3), Autosomal recessive; Spastic ataxia 3, autosomal recessive, 611390 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| MAT1A | 99.7 % | 610550 | Hypermethioninemia, persistent, autosomal dominant, due to methionine adenosyltransferase I/II deficiency, 250850 (3), Autosomal dominant, Autosomal recessive; Methionine adenosyltransferase deficiency, autosomal recessive, 250850 (3), Autosomal dominant, Autosomal recessive |
| MCOLN1 | 100 % | 605248 | Lisch epithelial corneal dystrophy, 620763 (3), Autosomal dominant; Mucolipidosis IV, 252650 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| MDH2 | 99.54 % | 154100 | Developmental and epileptic encephalopathy 51, 617339 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| MECP2 | 99.95 % | 300005 | Rett syndrome, atypical, 312750 (3), X-linked dominant; Encephalopathy, neonatal severe, 300673 (3), X-linked recessive; Intellectual developmental disorder, X-linked syndromic, Lubs type, 300260 (3), X-linked recessive; {Autism susceptibility, X-linked 3}, 300496 (3), X-linked; Intellectual developmental disorder, X-linked syndromic 13, 300055 (3), X-linked recessive; Rett syndrome, 312750 (3), X-linked dominant; Rett syndrome, preserved speech variant, 312750 (3), X-linked dominant |
| MECR | 99.63 % | 608205 | Dystonia, childhood-onset, with optic atrophy and basal ganglia abnormalities, 617282 (3), Autosomal recessive; Optic atrophy 16, 620629 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| MED20 | 99.99 % | 612915 | No OMIM phenotypes |
| MED27 | 99.99 % | 605044 | Neurodevelopmental disorder with spasticity, cataracts, and cerebellar hypoplasia, 619286 (3), Autosomal recessive |

Movement Disorders

Gene panel

| Gene | % at least 20 x covered* | OMIM gene id | OMIM Phenotypes |
|----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| MICU1 | 99.56 % | 605084 | Myopathy with extrapyramidal signs, 615673 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| MMADHC | 99.76 % | 611935 | Methylmalonic aciduria, cblD type, variant 2, 277410 (3), Autosomal recessive; Methylmalonic aciduria and homocystinuria, cblD type, 277410 (3), Autosomal recessive; Homocystinuria, cblD type, variant 1, 277410 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| MPV17 | 99.98 % | 137960 | Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease, axonal, type 2EE, 618400 (3), Autosomal recessive; Mitochondrial DNA depletion syndrome 6 (hepatocerebral type), 256810 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| MRE11 | 99.93 % | 600814 | Ataxia-telangiectasia-like disorder 1, 604391 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| MRPS34 | 100 % | 611994 | Combined oxidative phosphorylation deficiency 32, 617664 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| MTFMT | 99.98 % | 611766 | Combined oxidative phosphorylation deficiency 15, 614947 (3), Autosomal recessive; Mitochondrial complex I deficiency, nuclear type 27, 618248 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| MYBPC1 | 99.77 % | 160794 | Congenital myopathy 16, 618524 (3), Autosomal dominant; Lethal congenital contracture syndrome 4, 614915 (3), Autosomal recessive; Arthrogryposis, distal, type 1B, 614335 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| MYORG | 99.99 % | 618255 | Basal ganglia calcification, idiopathic, 7, autosomal recessive, 618317 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| NAA60 | 99.99 % | 614246 | Basal ganglia calcification, idiopathic, 9, autosomal recessive, 620786 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| NAXD | 99.99 % | 615910 | Encephalopathy, progressive, early-onset, with brain edema and/or leukoencephalopathy, 2, 618321 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| NDUFA1 | 99.93 % | 300078 | Mitochondrial complex I deficiency, nuclear type 12, 301020 (3), X-linked recessive |
| NDUFA10 | 99.98 % | 603835 | Mitochondrial complex I deficiency, nuclear type 22, 618243 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| NDUFA12 | 99.21 % | 614530 | Mitochondrial complex I deficiency, nuclear type 23, 618244 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| NDUFA2 | 99.95 % | 602137 | Mitochondrial complex I deficiency, nuclear type 13, 618235 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| NDUFA9 | 100 % | 603834 | Mitochondrial complex I deficiency, nuclear type 26, 618247 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| NDUFAF4 | 99.95 % | 611776 | Mitochondrial complex I deficiency, nuclear type 15, 618237 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| NDUFAF5 | 99.89 % | 612360 | Mitochondrial complex I deficiency, nuclear type 16, 618238 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| NDUFAF6 | 99.86 % | 612392 | Mitochondrial complex I deficiency, nuclear type 17, 618239 (3), Autosomal recessive; Fanconi renotubular syndrome 5, 618913 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| NDUFS1 | 99.79 % | 157655 | Mitochondrial complex I deficiency, nuclear type 5, 618226 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| NDUFS3 | 100 % | 603846 | Mitochondrial complex I deficiency, nuclear type 8, 618230 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| NDUFS4 | 99.99 % | 602694 | Mitochondrial complex I deficiency, nuclear type 1, 252010 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| NDUFS7 | 99.99 % | 601825 | Mitochondrial complex I deficiency, nuclear type 3, 618224 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| NDUFS8 | 100 % | 602141 | Mitochondrial complex I deficiency, nuclear type 2, 618222 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| NDUFV1 | 99.99 % | 161015 | Mitochondrial complex I deficiency, nuclear type 4, 618225 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| NGLY1 | 99.93 % | 610661 | Congenital disorder of deglycosylation 1, 615273 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| NHLRC2 | 99.83 % | 618277 | FINCA syndrome, 618278 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| NKX2-1 | 100 % | 600635 | Chorea, hereditary benign, 118700 (3), Autosomal dominant; {Thyroid cancer, nonmedullary, 1}, 188550 (3), Autosomal dominant; Choroathetosis, hypothyroidism, and neonatal respiratory distress, 610978 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| NKX6-2 | 100 % | 605955 | Spastic ataxia 8, autosomal recessive, with hypomyelinating leukodystrophy, 617560 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| NPC1 | 99.99 % | 607623 | Niemann-Pick disease, type C1, 257220 (3), Autosomal recessive; Niemann-Pick disease, type D, 257220 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| NPC2 | 100 % | 601015 | Niemann-pick disease, type C2, 607625 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| NR4A2 | 99.97 % | 601828 | Intellectual developmental disorder with language impairment and early-onset DOPA-responsive dystonia-parkinsonism, 619911 (3), Autosomal dominant |

Movement Disorders

Gene panel

| Gene | % at least 20 x covered* | OMIM gene id | OMIM Phenotypes |
|----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| NTNG2 | 99.98 % | 618689 | Neurodevelopmental disorder with behavioral abnormalities, absent speech, and hypotonia, 618718 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| NUP54 | 99.95 % | 607607 | Dystonia 37, early-onset, with striatal lesions, 620427 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| NUP62 | 100 % | 605815 | Striatonigral degeneration, infantile, 271930 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| NUS1 | 99.9 % | 610463 | Intellectual developmental disorder, autosomal dominant 55, with seizures, 617831 (3), Autosomal dominant; ?Congenital disorder of glycosylation, type 1aa, 617082 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| OPA3 | 100 % | 606580 | 3-methylglutaconic aciduria, type III, 258501 (3), Autosomal recessive; Optic atrophy 3 with cataract, 165300 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| PANK2 | 99.99 % | 606157 | Neurodegeneration with brain iron accumulation 1, 234200 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| PARK7 | 99.93 % | 602533 | Parkinson disease 7, autosomal recessive early-onset, 606324 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| PCCA | 99.9 % | 232000 | Propionicacidemia, 606054 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| PCCB | 99.97 % | 232050 | Propionicacidemia, 606054 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| PCDH12 | 100 % | 605622 | Diencephalic-mesencephalic junction dysplasia syndrome 1, 251280 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| PCDH19 | 99.98 % | 300460 | Developmental and epileptic encephalopathy 9, 300088 (3), X-linked |
| PDE10A | 87.37 % | 610652 | Striatal degeneration, autosomal dominant, 616922 (3), Autosomal dominant; Dyskinesia, limb and orofacial, infantile-onset, 616921 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| PDE2A | 99.95 % | 602658 | Intellectual developmental disorder with paroxysmal dyskinesia or seizures, 619150 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| PDE8B | 99.98 % | 603390 | Pigmented nodular adrenocortical disease, primary, 3, 614190 (3); Striatal degeneration, autosomal dominant, 609161 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| PDGFB | 99.99 % | 190040 | Meningioma, SIS-related, 607174 (3), Autosomal dominant; Basal ganglia calcification, idiopathic, 5, 615483 (3), Autosomal dominant; Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans, 607907 (3) |
| PDGFRB | 99.99 % | 173410 | Premature aging syndrome, Penttinen type, 601812 (3), Autosomal dominant; Kosaki overgrowth syndrome, 616592 (3), Autosomal dominant; Myofibromatosis, infantile, 1, 228550 (3), Autosomal dominant; Basal ganglia calcification, idiopathic, 4, 615007 (3), Autosomal dominant; Myeloproliferative disorder with eosinophilia, 131440 (4), Autosomal dominant |
| PDHA1 | 99.04 % | 300502 | Pyruvate dehydrogenase E1-alpha deficiency, 312170 (3), X-linked dominant |
| PDHX | 99.64 % | 608769 | Lacticacidemia due to PDX1 deficiency, 245349 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| PET100 | 99.98 % | 614770 | Mitochondrial complex IV deficiency, nuclear type 12, 619055 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| PEX16 | 99.94 % | 603360 | Peroxisome biogenesis disorder 8B, 614877 (3), Autosomal recessive; Peroxisome biogenesis disorder 8A (Zellweger), 614876 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| PINK1 | 99.69 % | 608309 | Parkinson disease 6, early onset, 605909 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| PLA2G6 | 99.98 % | 603604 | Parkinson disease 14, autosomal recessive, 612953 (3), Autosomal recessive; Neurodegeneration with brain iron accumulation 2B, 610217 (3), Autosomal recessive; Infantile neuroaxonal dystrophy 1, 256600 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| PLEKHG2 | 99.99 % | 611893 | Leukodystrophy and acquired microcephaly with or without dystonia, 616763 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| PLP1 | 99.98 % | 300401 | Pelizaeus-Merzbacher disease, 312080 (3), X-linked recessive; Spastic paraplegia 2, X-linked, 312920 (3), X-linked recessive |
| PMPCB | 99.94 % | 603131 | Multiple mitochondrial dysfunctions syndrome 6, 617954 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| PNKD | 100 % | 609023 | Paroxysmal nonkinesigenic dyskinesia 1, 118800 (3), Autosomal dominant |

Movement Disorders

Gene panel

| Gene | % at least 20 x covered* | OMIM gene id | OMIM Phenotypes |
|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------|---|
| PNKP | 100 % | 605610 | ?Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease, type 2B2, 605589 (3), Autosomal recessive; Ataxia-oculomotor apraxia 4, 616267 (3), Autosomal recessive; Microcephaly, seizures, and developmental delay, 613402 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| PNPLA8 | 99.92 % | 612123 | ?Mitochondrial myopathy with lactic acidosis, 251950 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| PNPT1 | 99.56 % | 610316 | Spinocerebellar ataxia 25, 608703 (3), Autosomal dominant; Deafness, autosomal recessive 70, with or without adult-onset neurodegeneration, 614934 (3), Autosomal recessive; Combined oxidative phosphorylation deficiency 13, 614932 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| PODXL | 93.29 % | 602632 | <i>No OMIM phenotypes</i> |
| POLG | 100 % | 174763 | Mitochondrial recessive ataxia syndrome (includes SANDO and SCAE), 607459 (3), Autosomal recessive; Mitochondrial DNA depletion syndrome 4B (MNGIE type), 613662 (3), Autosomal recessive; Mitochondrial DNA depletion syndrome 4A (Alpers type), 203700 (3), Autosomal recessive; Progressive external ophthalmoplegia, autosomal dominant 1, 157640 (3), Autosomal dominant; Progressive external ophthalmoplegia, autosomal recessive 1, 258450 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| POLR3A | 99.97 % | 614258 | Wiedemann-Rautenstrauch syndrome, 264090 (3), Autosomal recessive; Leukodystrophy, hypomyelinating, 7, with or without oligodontia and/or hypogonadotropic hypogonadism, 607694 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| PON1 | 99.7 % | 168820 | {Coronary artery spasm 2, susceptibility to} (3); {Organophosphate poisoning, sensitivity to} (3); {Coronary artery disease, susceptibility to} (3); {Microvascular complications of diabetes 5}, 612633 (3) |
| PRKN | 99.99 % | 602544 | Adenocarcinoma of lung, somatic, 211980 (3); Parkinson disease, juvenile, type 2, 600116 (3), Autosomal recessive; Ovarian cancer, somatic, 167000 (3) |
| PRKRA | 99.94 % | 603424 | Dystonia 16, 612067 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| PRNP | 100 % | 176640 | Spongiform encephalopathy with neuropsychiatric features, 606688 (3), Autosomal dominant; Gerstmann-Straussler disease, 137440 (3), Autosomal dominant; Huntington disease-like 1, 603218 (3), Autosomal dominant; Insomnia, fatal familial, 600072 (3), Autosomal dominant; {Kuru, susceptibility to}, 245300 (3); Cerebral amyloid angiopathy, PRNP-related, 137440 (3), Autosomal dominant; Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease, 123400 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| PRRT2 | 99.97 % | 614386 | Convulsions, familial infantile, with paroxysmal choreoathetosis, 602066 (3), Autosomal dominant; Seizures, benign familial infantile, 2, 605751 (3), Autosomal dominant; Episodic kinesigenic dyskinesia 1, 128200 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| PTRHD1 | 100 % | 617342 | Neurodevelopmental disorder with early-onset parkinsonism and behavioral abnormalities, 620747 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| PTS | 99.93 % | 612719 | Hyperphenylalaninemia, BH4-deficient, A, 261640 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| QDPR | 99.92 % | 612676 | Hyperphenylalaninemia, BH4-deficient, C, 261630 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| RAB11B | 100 % | 604198 | Neurodevelopmental disorder with ataxic gait, absent speech, and decreased cortical white matter, 617807 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| RAB39B | 99.99 % | 300774 | Intellectual developmental disorder, X-linked 72, 300271 (3), X-linked recessive; Waisman syndrome, 311510 (3), X-linked recessive |
| RAD51 | 90.17 % | 179617 | Mirror movements 2, 614508 (3), Autosomal dominant; {Breast cancer, susceptibility to}, 114480 (3), Somatic mutation, Autosomal dominant; Fanconi anemia, complementation group R, 617244 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| RELN | 99.98 % | 600514 | {Epilepsy, familial temporal lobe, 7}, 616436 (3), Autosomal dominant; Lissencephaly 2 (Norman-Roberts type), 257320 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| REPS1 | 99.93 % | 614825 | ?Neurodegeneration with brain iron accumulation 7, 617916 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| RHOBTB2 | 100 % | 607352 | Developmental and epileptic encephalopathy 64, 618004 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| RNASEH2A | 99.95 % | 606034 | Aicardi-Goutieres syndrome 4, 610333 (3), Autosomal recessive |

Movement Disorders

Gene panel

| Gene | % at least 20 x covered* | OMIM gene id | OMIM Phenotypes |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| RNASEH2B | 99.94 % | 610326 | Aicardi-Goutieres syndrome 2, 610181 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| RNASEH2C | 99.99 % | 610330 | Aicardi-Goutieres syndrome 3, 610329 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| RNASET2 | 99.99 % | 612944 | Leukoencephalopathy, cystic, without megalencephaly, 612951 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| RNF216 | 99.99 % | 609948 | Cerebellar ataxia and hypogonadotropic hypogonadism, 212840 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| RNU7-1 | 33.9 % | 617876 | Aicardi-Goutieres syndrome 9, 619487 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| SAMHD1 | 99.98 % | 606754 | ?Chilblain lupus 2, 614415 (3), Autosomal dominant; Aicardi-Goutieres syndrome 5, 612952 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| SCN11A | 99.94 % | 604385 | Episodic pain syndrome, familial, 3, 615552 (3), Autosomal dominant; Neuropathy, hereditary sensory and autonomic, type VII, 615548 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| SCN1A | 99.94 % | 182389 | Developmental and epileptic encephalopathy 6B, non-Dravet, 619317 (3), Autosomal dominant; Migraine, familial hemiplegic, 3, 609634 (3), Autosomal dominant; Dravet syndrome, 607208 (3), Autosomal dominant; Febrile seizures, familial, 3A, 604403 (3), Autosomal dominant; Generalized epilepsy with febrile seizures plus, type 2, 604403 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| SCN4A | 99.98 % | 603967 | Paramyotonia congenita, 168300 (3), Autosomal dominant; Hyperkalemic periodic paralysis, 170500 (3), Autosomal dominant; Congenital myopathy 22B, severe fetal, 620369 (3), Autosomal recessive; Hypokalemic periodic paralysis, type 2, 613345 (3), Autosomal dominant; Myotonia congenita, atypical, acetazolamide-responsive, 608390 (3), Autosomal dominant; Myasthenic syndrome, congenital, 16, 614198 (3), Autosomal recessive; Congenital myopathy 22A, classic, 620351 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| SCN8A | 99.77 % | 600702 | ?Myoclonus, familial, 2, 618364 (3), Autosomal dominant; Seizures, benign familial infantile, 5, 617080 (3), Autosomal dominant; Cognitive impairment with or without cerebellar ataxia, 614306 (3), Autosomal dominant; Developmental and epileptic encephalopathy 13, 614558 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| SCP2 | 94.94 % | 184755 | ?Leukoencephalopathy with dystonia and motor neuropathy, 613724 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| SDHA | 99.98 % | 600857 | Cardiomyopathy, dilated, 1GG, 613642 (3), Autosomal recessive; Mitochondrial complex II deficiency, nuclear type 1, 252011 (3), Autosomal recessive; Neurodegeneration with ataxia and late-onset optic atrophy, 619259 (3), Autosomal dominant; Pheochromocytoma/paraganglioma syndrome 5, 614165 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| SDHAF1 | 99.99 % | 612848 | Mitochondrial complex II deficiency, nuclear type 2, 619166 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| SDHD | 82.93 % | 602690 | Pheochromocytoma/paraganglioma syndrome 1, 168000 (3), Autosomal dominant; Paraganglioma and gastric stromal sarcoma, 606864 (3); Mitochondrial complex II deficiency, nuclear type 3, 619167 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| SEPSECS | 99.78 % | 613009 | Pontocerebellar hypoplasia type 2D, 613811 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| SERAC1 | 99.9 % | 614725 | 3-methylglutaconic aciduria with deafness, encephalopathy, and Leigh-like syndrome, 614739 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| SETX | 99.97 % | 608465 | Spinocerebellar ataxia, autosomal recessive, with axonal neuropathy 2, 606002 (3), Autosomal recessive; Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis 4, juvenile, 602433 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| SGCE | 93.12 % | 604149 | Dystonia-11, myoclonic, 159900 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| SHQ1 | 99.81 % | 613663 | Neurodevelopmental disorder with dystonia and seizures, 619922 (3), Autosomal recessive; ?Dystonia 35, childhood-onset, 619921 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| SLC16A2 | 99.97 % | 300095 | Allan-Herndon-Dudley syndrome, 300523 (3), X-linked |
| SLC18A2 | 100 % | 193001 | Parkinsonism-dystonia, infantile, 2, 618049 (3), Autosomal recessive |

Movement Disorders

Gene panel

| Gene | % at least 20 x covered* | OMIM gene id | OMIM Phenotypes |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| SLC19A3 | 99.95 % | 606152 | Thiamine metabolism dysfunction syndrome 2 (biotin/thiamine-responsive basal ganglia disease type), 607483 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| SLC20A2 | 99.95 % | 158378 | Basal ganglia calcification, idiopathic, 1, 213600 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| SLC25A42 | 99.99 % | 610823 | Metabolic crises, recurrent, with variable encephalomyopathic features and neurologic regression, 618416 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| SLC2A1 | 99.93 % | 138140 | Dystonia 9, 601042 (3), Autosomal dominant; GLUT1 deficiency syndrome 1, infantile onset, severe, 606777 (3), Autosomal dominant, Autosomal recessive; Stomatin-deficient cryohydrocytosis with neurologic defects, 608885 (3), Autosomal dominant; {Epilepsy, idiopathic generalized, susceptibility to, 12}, 614847 (3), Autosomal dominant; GLUT1 deficiency syndrome 2, childhood onset, 612126 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| SLC30A10 | 99.99 % | 611146 | Hypermanganesemia with dystonia 1, 613280 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| SLC30A9 | 99.75 % | 604604 | Birk-Landau-Perez syndrome, 617595 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| SLC39A14 | 92.87 % | 608736 | ?Hyperostosis cranialis interna, 144755 (3), Autosomal dominant; Hypermanganesemia with dystonia 2, 617013 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| SLC44A1 | 99.9 % | 606105 | Neurodegeneration, childhood-onset, with ataxia, tremor, optic atrophy, and cognitive decline, 618868 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| SLC6A3 | 99.96 % | 126455 | Parkinsonism-dystonia, infantile, 1, 613135 (3), Autosomal recessive; {Nicotine dependence, protection against}, 188890 (3) |
| SLC6A5 | 99.97 % | 604159 | Hyperekplexia 3, 614618 (3), Autosomal dominant, Autosomal recessive |
| SLC6A8 | 99.99 % | 300036 | Cerebral creatine deficiency syndrome 1, 300352 (3), X-linked recessive |
| SMPD1 | 100 % | 607608 | Niemann-Pick disease, type B, 607616 (3), Autosomal recessive; Niemann-Pick disease, type A, 257200 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| SNCA | 99.97 % | 163890 | Dementia, Lewy body, 127750 (3), Autosomal dominant; Parkinson disease 1, 168601 (3), Autosomal dominant; Parkinson disease 4, 605543 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| SNCAIP | 99.99 % | 603779 | No OMIM phenotypes |
| SNORD11B | 100 % | 616663 | Leukoencephalopathy, brain calcifications, and cysts, 614561 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| SPATA5L1 | 99.91 % | 619578 | Deafness, autosomal recessive 119, 619615 (3), Autosomal recessive; Neurodevelopmental disorder with hearing loss and spasticity, 619616 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| SPG11 | 99.89 % | 610844 | Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis 5, juvenile, 602099 (3), Autosomal recessive; Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease, axonal, type 2X, 616668 (3), Autosomal recessive; Spastic paraparesis 11, autosomal recessive, 604360 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| SPR | 99.99 % | 182125 | Dystonia, dopa-responsive, due to sepiapterin reductase deficiency, 612716 (3), ?Autosomal dominant, Autosomal recessive |
| SQSTM1 | 100 % | 601530 | Neurodegeneration with ataxia, dystonia, and gaze palsy, childhood-onset, 617145 (3), Autosomal recessive; Frontotemporal dementia and/or amyotrophic lateral sclerosis 3, 616437 (3), Autosomal dominant; Myopathy, distal, with rimmed vacuoles, 617158 (3), Autosomal dominant; Paget disease of bone 3, 167250 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| STUB1 | 99.99 % | 607207 | Spinocerebellar ataxia 48, 618093 (3), Autosomal dominant; Spinocerebellar ataxia, autosomal recessive 16, 615768 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| SUCLA2 | 99.96 % | 603921 | Mitochondrial DNA depletion syndrome 5 (encephalomyopathic with or without methylmalonic aciduria), 612073 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| SUCLG1 | 99.64 % | 611224 | Mitochondrial DNA depletion syndrome 9 (encephalomyopathic type with methylmalonic aciduria), 245400 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| SUOX | 100 % | 606887 | Sulfite oxidase deficiency, 272300 (3), Autosomal recessive |

Movement Disorders

Gene panel

| Gene | % at least 20 x covered* | OMIM gene id | OMIM Phenotypes |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| SURF1 | 100 % | 185620 | Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease, type 4K, 616684 (3), Autosomal recessive; Mitochondrial complex IV deficiency, nuclear type 1, 220110 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| SYNJ1 | 99.91 % | 604297 | Parkinson disease 20, early-onset, 615530 (3), Autosomal recessive; Developmental and epileptic encephalopathy 53, 617389 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| SYT1 | 99.7 % | 185605 | Baker-Gordon syndrome, 618218 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| TAF1 | 99.84 % | 313650 | Intellectual developmental disorder, X-linked syndromic 33, 300966 (3), X-linked recessive; Dystonia-Parkinsonism, X-linked, 314250 (3), X-linked recessive |
| TANGO2 | 99.85 % | 616830 | Metabolic encephalomyopathic crises, recurrent, with rhabdomyolysis, cardiac arrhythmias, and neurodegeneration, 616878 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| TARS2 | 99.77 % | 612805 | Combined oxidative phosphorylation deficiency 21, 615918 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| TBC1D24 | 100 % | 613577 | Deafness, autosomal recessive 86, 614617 (3), Autosomal recessive; Epilepsy, rolandic, with paroxysmal exercise-induce dystonia and writer's cramp, 608105 (3), Autosomal recessive; Myoclonic epilepsy, infantile, familial, 605021 (3), Autosomal recessive; Deafness, autosomal dominant 65, 616044 (3), Autosomal dominant; Developmental and epileptic encephalopathy 16, 615338 (3), Autosomal recessive; DOORS syndrome, 220500 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| TBCD | 100 % | 604649 | Encephalopathy, progressive, early-onset, with brain atrophy and thin corpus callosum, 617193 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| TGM6 | 99.99 % | 613900 | Spinocerebellar ataxia 35, 613908 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| TH | 99.99 % | 191290 | Segawa syndrome, recessive, 605407 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| THAP1 | 99.96 % | 609520 | Dystonia 6, torsion, 602629 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| TIMM8A | 100 % | 300356 | Mohr-Tranebjærg syndrome, 304700 (3), X-linked recessive |
| TMEM107 | 100 % | 616183 | Orofaciodigital syndrome XVI, 617563 (3), Autosomal recessive; Meckel syndrome 13, 617562 (3), Autosomal recessive; ?Joubert syndrome 29, 617562 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| TMEM151A | 100 % | 620108 | Episodic kinesigenic dyskinesia 3, 620245 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| TMEM240 | 99.99 % | 616101 | Spinocerebellar ataxia 21, 607454 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| TOR1A | 100 % | 605204 | {Dystonia-1, modifier of} (3); Arthrogryposis multiplex congenita 5, 618947 (3), Autosomal recessive; Dystonia-1, torsion, 128100 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| TPI1 | 99.95 % | 190450 | Hemolytic anemia due to triosephosphate isomerase deficiency, 615512 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| TPK1 | 99.96 % | 606370 | Thiamine metabolism dysfunction syndrome 5 (episodic encephalopathy type), 614458 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| TPP1 | 99.99 % | 607998 | Ceroid lipofuscinosis, neuronal, 2, 204500 (3), Autosomal recessive; Spinocerebellar ataxia, autosomal recessive 7, 609270 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| TRAK1 | 99.98 % | 608112 | Developmental and epileptic encephalopathy 68, 618201 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| TRAPPCL1 | 99.93 % | 614138 | Muscular dystrophy, limb-girdle, autosomal recessive 18, 615356 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| TRAPPCL2 | 99.96 % | 614139 | Encephalopathy, progressive, early-onset, with brain atrophy and spasticity, 617669 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| TREX1 | 100 % | 606609 | Vasculopathy, retinal, with cerebral leukoencephalopathy and systemic manifestations, 192315 (3), Autosomal dominant; Aicardi-Goutieres syndrome 1, dominant and recessive, 225750 (3), Autosomal dominant, Autosomal recessive; {Systemic lupus erythematosus, susceptibility to}, 152700 (3), Autosomal dominant; Chilblain lupus, 610448 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| TRIT1 | 99.25 % | 617840 | Combined oxidative phosphorylation deficiency 35, 617873 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| TSEN2 | 99.98 % | 608753 | Pontocerebellar hypoplasia type 2B, 612389 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| TSFM | 100 % | 604723 | Combined oxidative phosphorylation deficiency 3, 610505 (3), Autosomal recessive |

Movement Disorders

Gene panel

| Gene | % at least 20 x covered* | OMIM gene id | OMIM Phenotypes |
|----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| TSPOAP1 | 99.95 % | 610764 | Dystonia 22, juvenile-onset, 620453 (3), Autosomal recessive; ?Dystonia 22, adult-onset, 620456 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| TUBB4A | 100 % | 602662 | Dystonia 4, torsion, autosomal dominant, 128101 (3), Autosomal dominant; Leukodystrophy, hypomyelinating, 6, 612438 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| TXN2 | 99.88 % | 609063 | ?Combined oxidative phosphorylation deficiency 29, 616811 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| UBA5 | 99.95 % | 610552 | ?Spinocerebellar ataxia, autosomal recessive 24, 617133 (3), Autosomal recessive; Developmental and epileptic encephalopathy 44, 617132 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| UBR5 | 99.87 % | 608413 | No OMIM phenotypes |
| UBTF | 99.99 % | 600673 | Neurodegeneration, childhood-onset, with brain atrophy, 617672 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| UCHL1 | 99.99 % | 191342 | {?Parkinson disease 5, susceptibility to}, 613643 (3), Autosomal dominant; Spastic paraparesis 79A, autosomal dominant, 620221 (3), Autosomal dominant; Spastic paraparesis 79B, autosomal recessive, 615491 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| UFM1 | 99.25 % | 610553 | Leukodystrophy, hypomyelinating, 14, 617899 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| UGDH | 99.77 % | 603370 | Developmental and epileptic encephalopathy 84, 618792 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| UQCRC1 | 99.99 % | 191328 | Parkinsonism with polyneuropathy, 619279 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| UQCRCQ | 99.96 % | 612080 | Mitochondrial complex III deficiency, nuclear type 4, 615159 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| VAC14 | 99.91 % | 604632 | Striatonigral degeneration, childhood-onset, 617054 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| VAMP1 | 100 % | 185880 | Myasthenic syndrome, congenital, 25, 618323 (3), Autosomal recessive; Spastic ataxia 1, autosomal dominant, 108600 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| VAMP2 | 100 % | 185881 | Neurodevelopmental disorder with hypotonia and autistic features with or without hyperkinetic movements, 618760 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| VCP | 99.99 % | 601023 | Frontotemporal dementia and/or amyotrophic lateral sclerosis 6, 613954 (3), Autosomal dominant; Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease, type 2Y, 616687 (3), Autosomal dominant; Inclusion body myopathy with early-onset Paget disease and frontotemporal dementia 1, 167320 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| VPS13A | 99.68 % | 605978 | Choreoacanthocytosis, 200150 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| VPS13C | 99.65 % | 608879 | Parkinson disease 23, autosomal recessive, early onset, 616840 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| VPS13D | 99.96 % | 608877 | Spinocerebellar ataxia, autosomal recessive 4, 607317 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| VPS16 | 100 % | 608550 | Dystonia 30, 619291 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| VPS35 | 99.83 % | 601501 | {Parkinson disease 17}, 614203 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| VPS41 | 99.92 % | 605485 | Spinocerebellar ataxia, autosomal recessive 29, 619389 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| VPS4A | 99.98 % | 609982 | CIMDAG syndrome, 619273 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| WARS2 | 97.72 % | 604733 | Parkinsonism-dystonia 3, childhood-onset, 619738 (3), Autosomal recessive; Neurodevelopmental disorder, mitochondrial, with abnormal movements and lactic acidosis, with or without seizures, 617710 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| WDR45 | 99.99 % | 300526 | Neurodegeneration with brain iron accumulation 5, 300894 (3), X-linked dominant |
| WDR73 | 99.92 % | 616144 | Galloway-Mowat syndrome 1, 251300 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| WFS1 | 99.99 % | 606201 | Deafness, autosomal dominant 6/14/38, 600965 (3), Autosomal dominant; ?Cataract 41, 116400 (3), Autosomal dominant; Wolfram-like syndrome, autosomal dominant, 614296 (3), Autosomal dominant; {Diabetes mellitus, noninsulin-dependent, association with}, 125853 (3), Autosomal dominant; Wolfram syndrome 1, 222300 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| XK | 99.98 % | 314850 | McLeod syndrome, 300842 (3), X-linked |
| XPR1 | 99.13 % | 605237 | Basal ganglia calcification, idiopathic, 6, 616413 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| YIF1B | 99.8 % | 619109 | Kaya-Barakat-Masson syndrome, 619125 (3), Autosomal recessive |

Movement Disorders

Gene panel

| Gene | % at least 20 x covered* | OMIM gene id | OMIM Phenotypes |
|---------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| YY1 | 100 % | 600013 | Gabriele-de Vries syndrome, 617557 (3), Autosomal dominant |
| ZC4H2 | 99.98 % | 300897 | Wieacker-Wolff syndrome, 314580 (3), X-linked recessive; Wieacker-Wolff syndrome, female-restricted, 301041 (3), X-linked dominant |
| ZNF142 | 100 % | 604083 | Neurodevelopmental disorder with impaired speech and hyperkinetic movements, 618425 (3), Autosomal recessive |
| ZSWIM6 | 98.94 % | 615951 | Neurodevelopmental disorder with movement abnormalities, abnormal gait, and autistic features, 617865 (3), Autosomal dominant; Acromelic frontonasal dysostosis, 603671 (3), Autosomal dominant |

Movement Disorders

Gene panel

Explanation

OMIM release used for OMIM disease identifiers and descriptions: **2024-09-05**

Gene symbols used are according to the HGNC guidelines (corresponding to Ensembl database release 105).

Each Phenotype is followed by its MIM number, phenotype mapping key and inheritance pattern.

Possible phenotype mapping keys

- (1) the disorder is placed on the map based on its association with a gene, but the underlying defect is not known
- (2) the disorder has been placed on the map by linkage; no mutation has been found
- (3) the molecular basis for the disorder is known; a mutation has been found in the gene
- (4) a contiguous gene deletion or duplication syndrome, multiple genes are deleted or duplicated causing the phenotype

Brackets, "[]", indicate "nondiseases," mainly genetic variations that lead to apparently abnormal laboratory test values (e.g., dysalbuminemic euthyroidal hyperthyroxinemia).

Braces, "{ }", indicate mutations that contribute to susceptibility to multifactorial disorders (e.g., diabetes, asthma) or to susceptibility to infection (e.g., malaria).

A question mark, "?", before the phenotype name indicates that the relationship between the phenotype and gene is provisional. More details about this relationship are provided in the comment field of the map and in the gene and phenotype OMIM entries.

* The column '% at least 20 x covered' shows the percentage of the coding sequence (+/-20 nucleotides of the flanking introns) of that gene that is on average at least 20 x covered. This according to the experience with exome sequencing in our laboratory and based on the current method.